

## Chapter 12 – Worlds of the 15<sup>th</sup> Century Quiz #2

Choose 7 of the following terms and **describe** what each is and their **significance** in the history of the world. These terms must be **DIFFERENT** than what you chose on the 1<sup>st</sup> quiz.

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Aztec Empire	Nezahualcoyotl
Seizure of Constantinople	Ottoman Empire
European Renaissance	Paleolithic persistence
Fulbe	pochteca
Igbo	Safavid Empire
Inca Empire	Songhay Empire
Iroquois League of Five Nations	Timbuktu
Malacca	Timur
Ming dynasty	Zheng He
Mughal Empire	

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*Multiple Choice – choose the **most correct** answer.*

8. Which of the following reflected the fragmented and competitive political environment in Europe in the fourteenth and fifteenth centuries?

- a. the renaissance in Italy and Northern Europe
- b. Christine de Pizan's City of Ladies
- c. the Hundred Year' War between England and France
- d. the Sunni/Shia divide

9. Which of the following was a motivation for European expansion but not for Chinese expansion in the fifteenth century?

- a. to eliminate piracy in the Indian Ocean
- b. to enroll distant peoples and states in the tribute system
- c. to replace the population that had been lost during the Black Death
- d. to gain direct access to the goods and wealth of the Indian Ocean basin

10. What could women do in both the Aztec and Inca Empire?

- a. preside over human sacrifices
- b. join the military
- c. exercise political authority
- d. have more than one husband

11. In the fifteenth century, long-distance trade shifted to

- a. West Africa, the Americas, and the Atlantic Ocean
- b. North Africa, Portugal, and the Mediterranean
- c. Central Asia, Russia, and the Caspian Sea
- d. East Asia, Southeast Asia, and the Indian Ocean

12. Which empire ended the Byzantine Empire and came the closest to conquering Europe?

- a. Delhi Sultanate
- b. Timur's Empire
- c. Mughal Empire
- d. Ottoman Empire

13. How was Islam introduced into Southeast and West Africa?

- a. by traveling merchants
- b. by Muslim crusaders
- c. as a result of Arab conquest
- d. as a result of Turkic conquest

14. What did the Inca Empire do that the Aztec Empire did not do?

- a. build an elaborate bureaucracy to integrate and control its subjects
- b. claim descent from earlier Mesoamerican peoples
- c. engage in agriculture and trade
- d. offer prisoners of war to the gods as human sacrifices

15. Which of the following was a web of connection that linked many of the peoples in the world of the fifteenth century?

- a. capitalism
- b. empire
- c. nationalism
- d. industrialization