

## Chapter 12 – Worlds of the 15<sup>th</sup> Century Quiz

**Choose 7 of the following terms and describe what each is and their significance in the history of the world.**

Aztec Empire	Nezahualcoyotl
Seizure of Constantinople	Ottoman Empire
European Renaissance	Paleolithic persistence
Fulbe	pochteca
Igbo	Safavid Empire
Inca Empire	Songhay Empire
Iroquois League of Five Nations	Timbuktu
Malacca	Timur
Ming dynasty	Zheng He
Mughal Empire	

**Multiple Choice – choose the most correct answer.**

8. Which of the following was a feature of the communities in Australia in the fifteenth century?

- a. the practice of slavery
- b. economic specialization
- c. permanent village settlements
- d. the practice of “firestick” farming

9. In the fifteenth century, what did the Igbo people in West Africa have in common with the Iroquois League in North America?

- a. institutions for resolving conflict in the absence of a state
- b. plantation economies dependent on slave labor
- c. seclusion of women
- d. centralized kingdoms and stratified societies

10. Why did the maritime expeditions of the Indian Ocean basin sponsored by the Ming emperor suddenly stop in 1433?

- a. the emperor's successors viewed expansion as a waste of resources
- b. most of the cultures they encountered reacted with hostility and violence
- c. the court eunuchs who rose to power prioritized farming over commerce
- d. naval forces were redirected to deal with the military threat of the Portuguese

11. What feature did the Mughal Empire and the Songhay Empire share?

- a. both were in the heartland of the Islamic world

- b. the rulers were Muslim, but the majority of the population was not
- c. the rulers were Sunni Muslim, while the majority of the population was Shia Muslim
- d. the rulers in both empires were Sufi holy men

12. Which empire ended the Byzantine Empire and came the closest to conquering Europe?

- a. Mughal Empire
- b. Timur's Empire
- c. Ottoman Empire
- d. Delhi Sultanate

13. How was Islam introduced into Southeast and West Africa?

- a. as a result of Arab conquest
- b. by traveling merchants
- c. by Muslim crusaders
- d. as a result of Turkic conquest

14. What did the Inca Empire do that the Aztec Empire did not do?

- a. offer prisoners of war to the gods as human sacrifices
- b. claim descent from earlier Mesoamerican peoples
- c. Build an elaborate bureaucracy to integrate and control its subjects
- d. engage in agriculture and trade

15. Which of the following was a web of connection that linked many of the peoples in the world of the fifteenth century?

- a. capitalism
- b. industrialization
- c. nationalism
- d. empire