CIVIL WAR LEAD UP

- Read pgs. 284 293 (Chapter 8, Section 1)
 - Complete questions #1 7
- 2. Read pgs. 302 307 (Chapter 8, Section 3)
 - Complete questions #1-6

Vocabulary

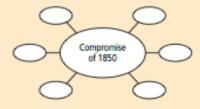
 Explain the significance of: Wilmot Proviso, popular sovereignty, Free-Soil Party, "Forty-Niners," secession, Compromise of 1850, Fugitive Slave Act, Underground Railroad, Harriet Tubman, *Uncle Tom's Cabin*, transcontinental railroad, Gadsden Purchase, Kansas-Nebraska Act.

Main Ideas

- 2. Describing How did Stephen Douglas achieve passage of the Compromise of 1850?
- 3. Explaining How could Uncle Tom's Cabin be considered a cause of the Civil War?
- 4. Summarizing How did the Kansas Territory become an arena of civil war?

Critical Thinking

- 5. Big Ideas How did antislavery activists justify disobeying the Fugitive Slave Act?
- Organizing Use a graphic organizer similar to the one below to list the main elements of the Compromise of 1850.



7. Analyzing Visuals Study the photo on page 286. What does the photo reveal about the people who traveled to California to find gold?

Vocabulary

 Explain the significance of: John C. Breckinridge, John Bell, Fort Sumter, Crittenden's Compromise, Confederacy, Jefferson Davis, martial law.

Main Ideas

- 2. Explaining How did problems in the Democratic Party help Abraham Lincoln win the 1860 election?
- 3. Identifying Where and under what circumstances did the American Civil War begin?

Critical Thinking

- 4. Big Ideas How did Lincoln prevent Kentucky, Missouri, and Maryland from seceding? Was Lincoln justified in his actions? Why or why not?
- Categorizing Use a graphic organizer similar to the one below to list the various parties' candidates and political positions in the 1860 election.

Party	Candidate	Position
Northern Democrat		
Southern Democrat		
Constitutional Unionist		
Republican		

 Analyzing Visuals Examine the map on the election of 1860 on page 303. Explain why Douglas won only one state.